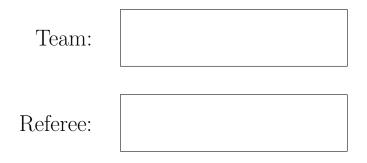
## Functions — Answer sheet



### $\mathbf{F1}$

Consider the function  $f_1$  from  $\{1, \ldots, 7\} \times \{1, \ldots, 7\}$  to the positive integers.

Inputs 1:						
Inputs 2:						
Outputs:						

Description:	

### $\mathbf{F2}$

Consider the function  $f_2$  from  $\{1, \ldots, 7\} \times \{1, \ldots, 7\}$  to the positive integers.

Inputs 1:						
Inputs 2:						
Outputs:						
			,			
Description:						

### F3

Consider the function  $f_3$  from  $\{1, \ldots, 100\}$  to the positive integers.

Inputs:						
Outputs:						
			-			
Description:						

### $\mathbf{F4}$

Consider the function  $f_4$  from  $\{1, \ldots, 100\}$  to the positive integers.

Inputs:						
Outputs:						

Description:		
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### $\mathbf{F5}$

Consider the function  $f_5$  from  $\{1, \ldots, 100\}$  to the positive integers.

Inputs:						
Outputs:						
Description:						

## Shuttle — A1 and A3

#### A1

The polynomial  $1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \cdots - x^9 + x^{10}$  may be written in the form  $a_0 + a_1y + a_2y^2 + \cdots + a_9y^9 + a_{10}y^{10}$ , where y = x + 1 and the  $a_i$ 's are constants. Find the value of  $a_8$ .

Pass on your answer to A1 as X.

### **A3**

Y is the number you will receive.

Find the number of integers a such that 1 < a < Y and  $n^a - n$  is divisible by 21 for all positive integers n.

Pass on your answer to A3 as Z.

# Shuttle — A2 and A4

#### $\mathbf{A2}$

X is the number you will receive.

Except for the first two terms, each term of the sequence  $X, Y, X - Y, \ldots$  is obtained by subtracting the previous term from the term before that. Find the integer Y such that the first negative term in this sequence occurs as late as possible.

Pass on Y as your answer to A2.

#### $\mathbf{A4}$

Z is the number you will receive.

An artist hangs his 2-metre-wide artwork on a wall so that the edge of the artwork touches a corner in the wall. Z art surveyors are viewing the artwork 4 metres from the wall. However, due to COVID restrictions, the art surveyors are also standing 2 metres apart from each other. Find, in degrees, the maximum sum of the viewing angles each surveyor can get.

Pass on your answer to A4.

### Shuttle — B1 and B3

#### B1

The sum of the terms of an infinite geometric series is 2 and the sum of squares of the terms is 6. The sum of the cubes of the terms can be written as  $\frac{m}{n}$  where m, n are relatively prime positive integers. Find m + n.

Pass on your answer to B1 as X.

#### **B3**

Y is the number you will receive.

In triangle ABC, AB = Y, BC = Y + 1, and CA = Y + 2. Distinct points D, E, and F lie on segments  $\overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{CA}$ , and  $\overline{DE}$ , respectively, such that  $\overline{AD} \perp \overline{BC}$ ,  $\overline{DE} \perp \overline{AC}$ , and  $\overline{AF} \perp \overline{BF}$ . The length of segment  $\overline{DF}$  can be written as  $\frac{m}{n}$ , where m and n are relatively prime positive integers. What is 40m + 10n?

Pass on your answer to B3 as Z.

## Shuttle — B2 and B4

#### $\mathbf{B2}$

X is the number you will receive.

Find the smallest odd prime factor of  $X^7 + 1$ .

Pass on your answer to B2 as Y.

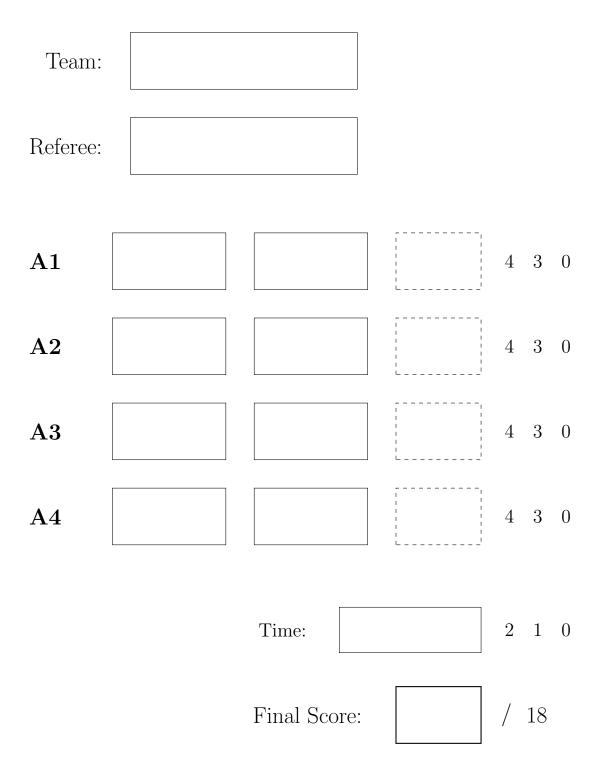
### $\mathbf{B4}$

Z is the number you will receive.

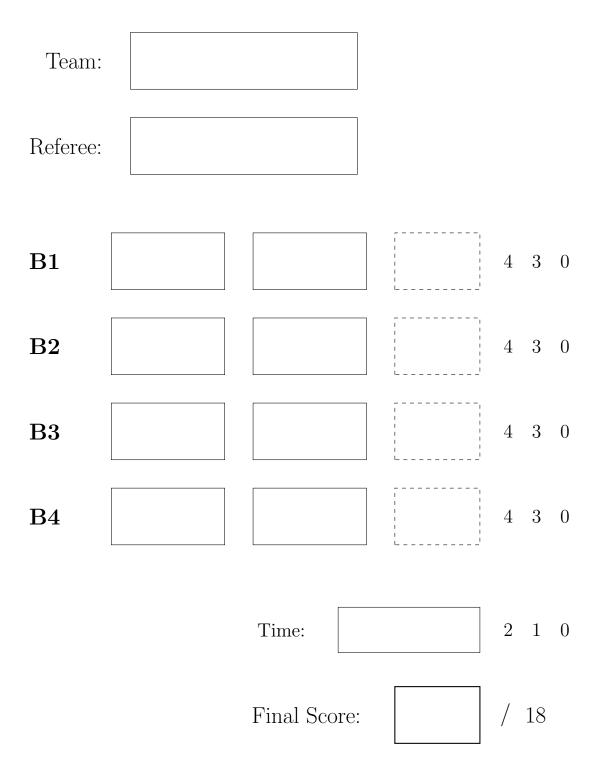
Consider an equilateral triangle with side Z. Suppose that one move consists of changing the length of any of the sides of a triangle such that the result will still be a triangle. Find the minimum number of moves to change the given triangle to an equilateral triangle with side 2..

Pass on your answer to B4.

# Shuttle — Answer sheet A



# Shuttle — Answer sheet B



## Relay - R1

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

Let d(n) denote the number of digits of n in base 10. Find  $d(2^{420}) + d(5^{420})$ .

First attempt

Second attempt

Relay - R2

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

Let  $a_1 = \frac{1}{2}, a_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ , and for n > 2,

$$a_n = a_{n-1}\sqrt{1 - a_{n-2}^2} - a_{n-2}\sqrt{1 - a_{n-1}^2}$$

Find  $a_{2022}$ .

First attempt

Second attempt

### Relay - R3

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

Let S be the collection of all possible subsets of  $\{\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \dots, \frac{1}{2022}\}$ . Then, if A is a set of rational numbers, the function f(A) returns the product of all the elements of A, where the empty set has product 1. What is the average value of f over all elements of S?

First attempt

Second attempt

Relay - R4

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

How many integer-sided triangles (up to congruency) have area 999/2?

First attempt

Second attempt

### Relay - R5

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

The numbers  $2, 4, 8, \ldots, 2^{2022}$  are placed randomly in a  $6 \times 337$  grid. Let  $R_i$  be the sum of the  $i^{\text{th}}$  row, and  $C_j$  be the sum of the  $j^{\text{th}}$  column. What is the probability that the  $R_i$  and  $C_j$  are both in strictly increasing order?

First attempt

Second attempt

Relay - R6

Team: \_\_\_\_\_

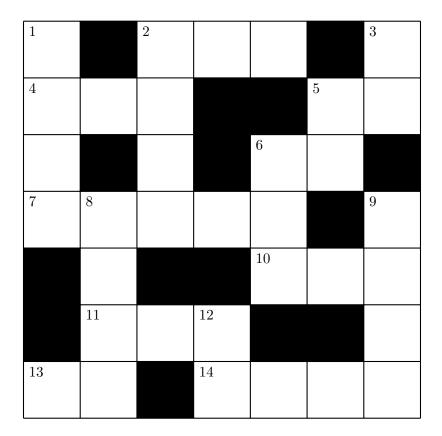
Find

 $\sum_{0 \le n-2022 \le k \le 2022} \binom{n}{k}.$ 

First attempt

Second attempt

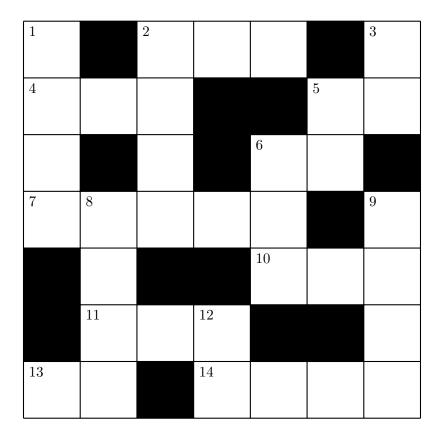
## CROSSNUMBER - ACROSS



#### Across

- 2. The number of positive integers that divide  $10^{10}$ ,  $12^{12}$  or  $15^{15}$ .
- 4. The number of 8-digit numbers with at most 2 distinct digits such that the first and third digits are 5.
- 5. A number whose last digit is the square of its first digit.
- 6. The number of integral solutions to  $x^2 + y^2 = 221$ .
- 7. The value of  $(6 \tan(x))^4$  when  $(6 \cos(x))^3 = (6 \sin(x))^2$ ,  $0 < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$ .
- 10. The dimension of the space of  $29 \times 29$  symmetric matrices with zeros on the anti-diagonal.
- 11. A prime number of the form  $p = 2^{2^n} + 1$ .
- 13. The difference between 5 Down and 12 Down.
- 14. A number whose sequence of digits is decreasing by 2.

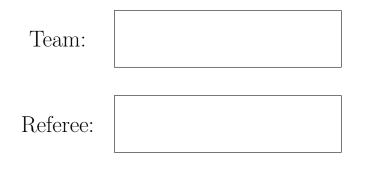
### Crossnumber — Down



#### Down

- 1. The largest multiple of 27 with all digits distinct and odd.
- 2. A third of the product of 4 Across and 5 Down.
- 3. The smallest n = pq with p, q prime such that (p+1)(q+1) reverses its digits.
- 5. The last two digits of  $6^{2022}$ .
- 6. The volume of the region enclosed by the surfaces  $x^2 + z^2 = 9$  and  $y^2 + z^2 = 9$ .
- 8. The sum of two consecutive 4th powers.
- 9. The integer n < 2022 such that  $2022^3 = np + 1$ , p prime.
- 12. The number whose digits do not appear elsewhere on this crossnumber.

# CROSSNUMBER — ANSWER SHEET





1			2				3	/5
	0		0	0	0		0	,
4						5		/=
	$\bigcirc$	0	0			0	0	/5
					6			/4
	$\bigcirc$		0		$\bigcirc$	0		4
7		8					9	/6
	$\bigcirc$	0	0	0	0		0	/0
					10			/4
		0			0	0	0	14
		11		12				/4
		0	0	0			0	/4
13				14				16
	0	0		0	0	0	0	/6

/34