



Sponsored by



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Contestant Number: \_\_\_\_\_

University: \_\_\_\_\_

## Instructions:

- Do not turn over until told to do so.
- You will have 4 hours to solve 5 problems, each of which carries 10 marks.
- Use a black or blue pen or a dark pencil. Rulers, compasses, protractors, and erasers may be used but will not be required. All electronic devices, including calculators, are prohibited.
- Drinks are allowed, but food is prohibited.
- Write your solution to each problem on a different page. At the top of each page, write down the question number, your initials, and your contestant number. Use both sides whenever possible. Writing clearly and not too faintly your work will be scanned for marking.
- Problems are listed roughly in order of difficulty. Proofs are expected for all problems even if they only ask for an answer.
- One complete solution will be awarded more marks than several unfinished attempts.
- Do not take away the problems sheet or any rough work when leaving the venue.

**Problem 1.** The city of Atlantis is built on an island represented by [-1, 1], with skyline initially given by f(x) = 1 - |x|. The sea level is currently y = 0, but due to global warming, it is rising at a rate of 0.01 a year. For any position -1 < x < 1, while the building at x is not completely submerged, then it is instantaneously being built upward at a rate of r per year, where r is the distance (along the x-axis) from this building to the nearest completely submerged building.

How long will it be until Atlantis becomes completely submerged?

**Problem 2.** Show that if the distance between opposite edges of a tetrahedron is at least 1, then its volume is at least 1/3.

**Problem 3.** The numbers 1, 2, ..., n are written on a blackboard and then erased via the following process:

- Before any numbers are erased, a pair of numbers is chosen uniformly at random and circled.
- Each minute for the next n-1 minutes, a pair of numbers still on the blackboard is chosen uniformly at random and the smaller one is erased.
- In minute *n*, the last number is erased.

What is the probability that the smaller circled number is erased before the larger?

**Problem 4.** Do there exist infinitely many positive integers m such that the sum of the positive divisors of m (including m itself) is a perfect square?

**Problem 5.** A clock has an hour, minute, and second hand, all of length 1. Let T be the triangle formed by the ends of these hands. A time of day is chosen uniformly at random. What is the expected value of the area of T?